



fill level



water level



pressure



temperature



flow



visualization



signal converter



sensoric



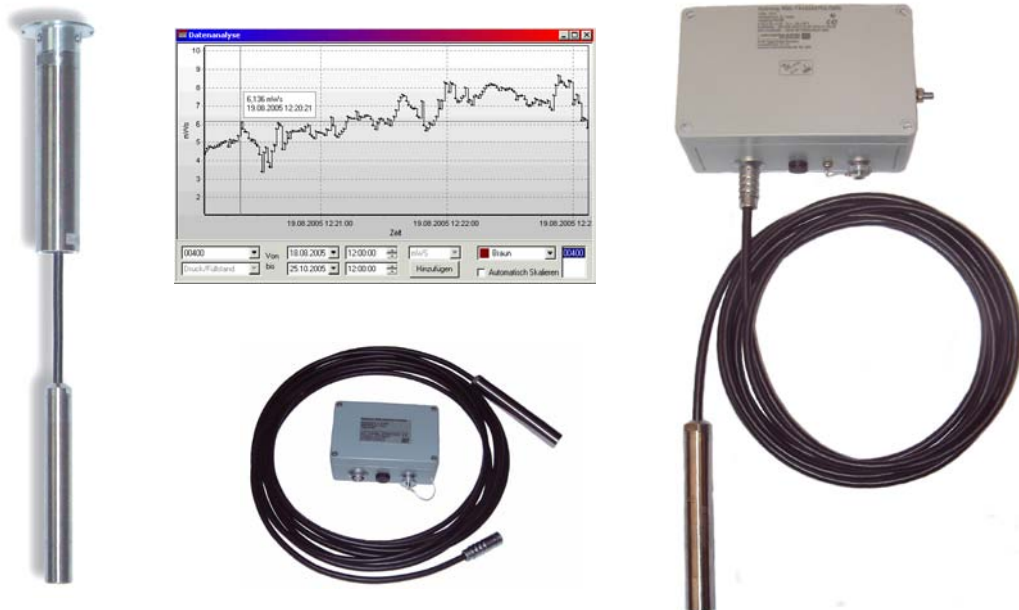
Technical manual

TA 0910

Hydrolog 1000

Water level sensor with data memory

for autonomous measuring and storing
of water levels and temperatures in liquids



High accuracy and long term stable water level measurement

Ceramic highly overload resp. pressure blow resistive membrane

Food- and drinking water suitable materials

Integrated temperature measurement

Integrated, exchangeable battery for minimum 2 million measurements resp.
10 years operation at a measuring interval of 3 minutes

Measuring rates from 1x per second up to 1x per 100 days

Data memory for up to 216 000 measurement values

Interface head up to 3m water column flood protected or separated variant with
connection housing

Installation in water level tubes 1 ¼" and wider

ATEX II 3 G Ex ic IIC T4

Suitable for the use in explosion hazardous areas

Index

1. Application.....	2
2. Function.....	2
3. Safety notes.....	3
4. Installation.....	4
5. Electrical connection.....	4
6. Operation.....	5
7. Maintenance.....	5
8. Repair.....	6
9. Technical Data.....	7
10. Dimension drawings.....	9
11. Order code overview.....	10

1. Application

The water level sensor with data memory **Hydrolog 1000** is a battery powered system for autonomous measurement of water levels from 1 m to 100m water column and temperatures in liquids, also in explosive hazardous areas, at environmental temperatures from – 25°C to +70°C.

The preferential application fields are water supply and distribution e.g. for measurement tubes, control levels, wells, containers and outstanding waters like lakes and rivers. Artesian measurements are also possible.

The excellent characteristics like highest strength against pressure and pressure blows, high resistance against chemicals and corrosion, very good insensitiveness against temperature shocks and EM interference, highest accuracy and long term stability as well as low influence of temperature makes it possible to use the sensor in various fields with liquids like water, waste water, solvents, oil, sludge, grease, cleaning agents, etc., where levels and temperatures combined with date and time should be surveillanced without having any auxiliary power at the place of installation.

For applications, where food or drink water suitability is necessary, a corresponding variant can be ordered where only suitable materials are used.

Because of many possibilities of adjustment a highest flexibility in the application for control level and especially for pumping test or long term surveillance is given.

2. Function

The liquid contacts directly the ceramic membrane and causes there a deflection of the membrane because of the hydrostatic pressure of the liquid.

At the maximum deflection the membrane contacts a robust ceramic carrier and because of this, the membrane come through over pressure of e.g. 40-times of nominal load at a sensor with a pressure range of 0...1 m water column without damage.

The water level proportional hydrostatic pressure signal of the ceramic membrane and also the measuring signal of an optional integrated temperature sensor is measured by the integrated high-resolution digital electronic according to the adjusted measurement rate and is stored loss protected.

Because of an intelligent store management the internal data memory with a size of 64kB resp. 128kB allows a recording of up to 107.00 resp. 216 000 measurement data sets.

An optional exchangeable highly efficient lithium battery, which is integrated in the interface head resp. connection housing, ensures the power supply of the device. The battery life time is conceived for minimum 2.000.000 measurements. This equals a run time of minimum 10 years at a measurement rate of 1x per 3 minutes.

At the variant for use in explosion hazardous areas the battery life time is minimum 10.000.000 measurements due to the bigger battery.

Integrated over voltage protection modules prevents the destruction of the water level sensor caused by atmospheric influences like e.g. thunder strike.

The setting of the operation parameter, e.g. measurement place name, measuring unit, measuring rate or control value and the data retrieval from the water level sensor is operated in combination with the operation software alternatively directly per cable or wireless per GSM/GPRS remote data transmission (RDT) (only data retrieval) to a PC resp. FTP server.

The software allows a comfortable and flexible adaption to the various requirements of the respective measurement place.

The water level sensor is equipped by default with a RS232 interface. At the variant with exchangeable battery the interface can be reconfigured to a RS485 interface.

At a directly per cable connected PC resp. handheld-PC a real time view of the measuring values of the water level sensor with a measuring rate of 1x per second is possible.

For the more comfortable wireless remote data transmission a battery powered GSM RDT can be used to configure the water level sensor resp. to read out the measuring values without the need to go to the place of installation.

By this the configuration resp. measuring values can be transmitted directly per GSM network between the RDT module and the PC.

Alternatively, the measuring values can be transmitted by GPRS to an FTP server, to make the data's worldwide available per internet.

When using the RDT module the active use of an alarm function is possible that informs immediately and continuously by SMS messages about the actual measuring values if the measuring value exceeds a freely adjustable limit measuring value.

The settings of the water level sensor are protected against unauthorized changing's and can only be changed after the input of the valid password.

3. Safety notes

Each person that is engaged with inauguration and operation of this device, must have read and understood this technical manual and especially the safety notes.




Installation, electrical connection, inauguration and operation of the device must be made by a qualified employee according to the informations in this technical manual and the relevant standards and rules.

The device may only be used within the permitted operation limits that are listed in this technical manual. Every use besides these limits as agreed can lead to serious dangers.

The materials of the device must be chosen resp. checked for compatibility with the respective application requirements (contacting materials, process temperature)

An unsuitable material can lead to damage, abnormal behavior or destruction of the device and to the resulting dangers.

The device meets the legal requirements of all relevant EC directives.  0158

Safety notes for electrical operating supplies for explosive hazardous areas

If a device is installed and operated in explosive hazardous areas, the general Ex construction standards (EN/IEC 60079-14, VDE 0165) and these safety notes must be observed.

The installation of explosive hazardous systems must be carried out principally by specialist staff.

The device meets the classification:

II 3 G Ex ic IIC T4 Ta = - 25...+70°C

The device is conceived for measuring of filling levels in liquids in explosive hazardous areas, that requires devices of category 3. The measured medium may also be combustible liquids.

The sensor may be mounted in explosion hazardous areas, which requires devices of category 3.

The connection housing of the device is an affiliated operating supply and may only be used outside explosion hazardous areas.

The permitted operating pressures are type and variant dependent and can be found in this technical manual.

The maximum permitted environmental temperature in the area of the connection housing is 50°C.

The maximum permitted environmental temperature in the area of the sensor resp. the cable is +70°C.

The battery that is inserted in the connection housing may only be replaced by the same type or another battery that is specified by the manufacturer.

The maximum permitted voltage at the connecting contact of the interface socket is $U_m = 253V$ AC.

The device is earthen for safe technical function. Provide sufficient potential compensation along the complete cable way.

The PA connection of the connection housing must be connected with the potential compensation of the explosion hazardous area.

At variants of the devices with chargeable plastic parts (e.g. cable resp. connection housing), a warning marking points out to the safety measures, that must be applied because of the electrostatic charging in operation and especially in the case of maintenance activities.

avoid friction - no dry cleaning - no assembling in pneumatic conveying stream

At possible dangers due to pendular or swinging movements of the sensor must be protected effective against these dangers.

4. Installation

The water level sensor can be mounted into water level tubes wider than 1 ¼". The installation in wider water level tubes than 2" is made by using adapter rings. In water level tubes wider than 2" a control plumbing with a cable light plumblin without deinstalling the sensor is possible.

Due to an optional screw thread at the interface head a measurements in artesian wells is possible. In systems where a better mounting flexibility is necessary, a separated version with a disconnectable connection housing and a sealing screw is available.

The stabile carrying cable with steel axis for strain relief that is necessary to ensure the length stability of the cable, with shield for EMC protection and pressure balancing capillary for compensation the environmental air pressure guarantees an interference-free operation of the water level sensor.

The probe of the water level sensor is put into the medium by the carrying cable.

The carrying cable may not be folded and the cable sheath may not be damaged.

The cut of the carrying cable may only be made by the manufacturer.

At the standard variant a holding ring at the interface head fixes the water level sensor in the filler cap. The construction of the interface head allows those damage protected flooding up to 3m water column.

At the variant with connection housing the sensor must be mounted by a suitable fixing device, e.g. a cable clamp fixing, protected against sliding.

The connection housing must be installed weather and stroke protected, ideally at places without direct solar radiation. This is especially important in warm climatic regions.

Avoid faulting the pressure compensation openings resp. damaging pressure compensation membrane inside it at the bottom side of the interface head.

The hindrance of the air pressure compensation can lead to faulty measurement results. At a damaging of the pressure compensation membrane the flood protection of the interface head is no more longer ensured.

The correct function of the device within the specific technical data can only be guaranteed, if the permitted environmental and process temperatures will not be exceeded.

5. Electrical connection

The electrical connection of the device must be carried out according to the respective country specific standards. Incorrect installation or adjustment could cause applicationally conditioned risks.

Auxiliary power supply

The connection of a separate auxiliary power supply is not necessary, because the device is powered by an integrated lithium battery. Information to the battery exchange are noted in the chapter „maintenance“.

Communication interface

For the communication with other devices, the water level sensor is equipped with a RS232 resp. RS485 interface. By default the water level sensor is configured to RS232 interface.

For the communication with devices, that requires a RS485 interface, at water level sensors with exchangeable battery, the RS232 interface can be reconfigured to a RS485 interface.

Procedure for reconfiguring the interface:

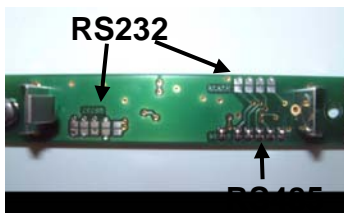


image 1

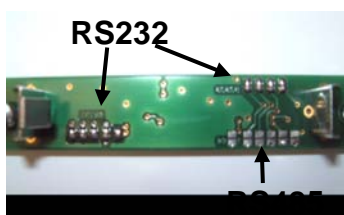


image 2

Unscrew like described in the chapter „maintenance – battery exchange“ the outside tube of the interface head and remove the battery resp. open the connection housing.

The interface pcb will be visible, where 3 areas with solder strap's are positioned, that are lettered with RS232 resp. RS485.

To configure the water level sensor to a RS485 interface, open at first all solder strap's in the two areas, that are lettered with RS232.

Following close all solder strap's in the area, that is lettered with RS485 (**image 1**).

To configure the water level sensor to a RS232 interface, open at first all solder straps in the area, that is lettered with RS485.

Following close all solder straps in the two areas, which are lettered with RS232 (**image 2**).

Put in again the battery in the right direction (+pole to the carrying cable).

Slide now the outside tube back over the interface head and screw it tight till to the stop (see chapter "maintenance – battery exchange").

Only the complete screw-on of the outside tube up to the stop ensures the damage protected flooding of the interface head.

After the remove of the battery, the time and date of the water level sensor must be set and the measurement must be possibly activated by using the operation software.

For the direct communication by cable to the RS232 interface (COM port) resp. USB interface of the PC a special interface cable is used.

To connect the interface cable, at first the protection cap, that protects and seals the socket, must be removed from the interface socket.

The plug of the interface cable can only be plugged in the correct orientation.

A red mark at the plug and at the socket shows the correct orientation.

The plug must be fully inserted into the socket.

To ensure the tightness of the interface socket at removed plug, the protection cap must be fully inserted into the socket.

Sensor connection

At the separated variant with connection housing the sensor must be connected with the sensor connection socket of the connection housing.

The plug of the sensor cable can only be plugged in the correct orientation.

A red mark at the plug and at the socket shows the correct orientation.

The sensor cable is equipped with a special plug, which locks at plugged position.

This lock-in generates an audible click noise. At plugging the reeded part of the plug may not be fixed.

To remove the plug out of the socket, the plug must be pulled at the reeded part. Thus, the lock of the plug will be released and the plug can be pulled-off.

A pulling at the cable is not permissible, because the connection is locked. Only by pulling at the reeded part it can be released. There is the danger of damaging the cable.

Connection potential equalization / earthing

At the separated variant with connection housing the connection bolt PA of the connection housing must be connected with the local potential equalization.

6. Operation

Detailed informations to the operation parameter and the operation can be found in the technical manual of the operation software.

7. Maintenance

The device is free of maintenance.

Special substances can lead to solid coatings on the membrane.

Such depositions can lead to faulty measurement results of the pressure sensor.

In the case of coat forming liquids the membrane must be regularly cleaned e.g. with clear water.

Don't use sharp tools or aggressive chemicals for cleaning.

Battery exchange

At higher measuring rates, e.g. 1x per second at real time evaluation resp. at long time connected interface cable the battery is loaded stronger and thus discharged faster. Thus there is an optional system with exchangeable battery available.

At the option – welded battery – a battery exchange can only be made by the manufacturer.

The attempt of the user, to change the battery resp. to open the probe housing by himself, the device can be damaged resp. destroyed. This leads to an expire of all rights to claim under guarantee.

Procedure for battery exchange at standard version:

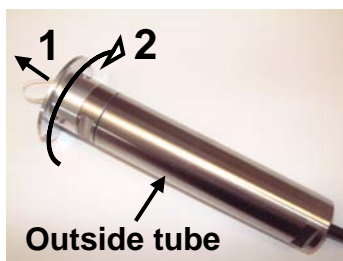


image 1

Dies ist erforderlich, um auch die Dichtungen auszuwechseln zu können.
Pull the protection cap from the interface socket at first (image 1 – step 1) and unscrew the holding ring from the interface head (image 1 - step 2).

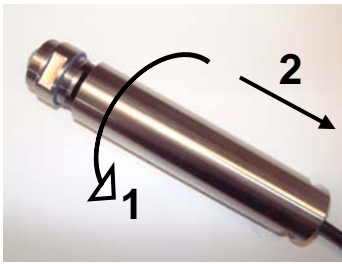


image 2

Unscrew the outside tube of the interface head in direction probe app. 10mm (image 2 - step 1). A mill for spanner in size 28 is placed at the outside tube and at the interface socket.

After that the outside tube can be slide in direction probe (image 2 - step 2).

Attention: The outside tube is not protected against sliding from the interface head. Because the inside drill of the outside tube is greater than the probe there is the danger of losing the outside tube e.g. in the measurement tube.

Protect the outside tube after sliding it from the interface head against drop off.

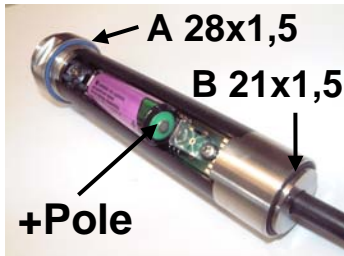


image 3

After longer operation time (1 year and longer) it is favorable to replace the two gaskets (image 3) of the interface head when changing the battery. Pull all two gaskets in direction to the interface socket from the interface head and after that slide the new gaskets in the same method over the interface head in the following order:

A > Gasket red or blue 28x1,5 at interface side

B > Gasket grey or black 21x1,5 at carrying cable side

Remove the old battery and put in the new one in the correct direction (+pole to the carrying cable - image 3).

Attention: At older battery's (more than 3 month after the printed production date) it must be reactivated by repeated beating onto a hard surface or by repeated short circuits for each approximate one second. Only after that the battery voltage stays constant also at load.

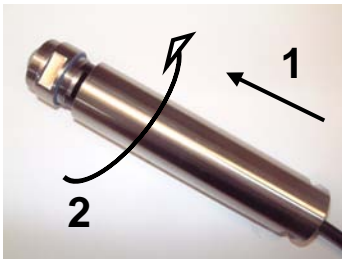


image 4

Slide the outside tube back over the interface head (image 4 – step 1) and screw it tight till to the stop (image 4 – step 2).

Only the complete screw-on of the outside tube up to the stop ensures the damage protected flooding of the interface head.

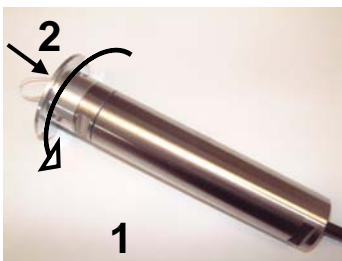


image 5

Screw on the holding ring to the interface head (image 5 – step 1) and push the protection cap back into the interface socket (image 5 – step 2).

At the separated variant with connection housing the battery is mounted inside the connection housing.

After the battery exchange the connection housing must be closed correctly, to ensure the tightness.

After a battery exchange, the time and date of the water level sensor must be set, the battery counter must be reset and the measurement must be possibly activated by using the operation software.

8. Repair

A repair may only be carried out by the manufacturer.

If the device must be sent back for repair, the following informations must be enclosed:

- An exact description of the application.
- The chemical and physical characteristics of the product.
- A short description of the occurred error.

Before returning the device for repair, the following measures must be proceeded:

- All stick product residues must be removed. This is especially important, if the product is unhealthy, e.g. caustic, toxic, carcinogenic, radioactive etc.
- A returning must be refrained, if it is not possible by 100% to remove the unhealthy product completely, because e.g. it is penetrate into cracks or is diffused through plastic.

9. Technical Data

Auxiliary power supply

Supply voltage:	<i>Standard variant</i> Integrated lithium battery, 3,6V / 2,4Ah <i>Variant for explosion hazardous areas</i> Integrated lithium battery, type Tadiran SL2780 – 3,6V / 19Ah
Battery run time:	<i>Standard variant</i> ≥ 2.000.000 measurements resp. ≥ 10 years at a measuring interval of 1x each 3 minutes <i>Variant for explosion hazardous areas</i> ≥ 10.000.000 measurements

Input water level

Measuring range:	1m water column up to 100m water column
Measuring units:	mWs / cmWs / bar / mbar / mNN / mAbsenkung
Measuring range resolution:	≤0,01% FS ²⁾
Characteristic deviation ^{3) 5) 12)} :	≤0,1% resp. 0,25% FS ²⁾
Temperature deviation ¹²⁾ :	T _k ⁴⁾ Zero ≤ ±0,15% FS ²⁾ / 10 K, max. 0,75K T _k ⁴⁾ Span ≤ ±0,15% FS ²⁾ / 10 K, max. 0,5K
Long term drift ¹²⁾ :	≤±0,15% FS ²⁾ / year not cumulative

Input temperature

Measuring range:	-25°C ... +70°C
Accuracy:	≤±0,3 Kelvin
Measuring range resolution:	≤0,1 Kelvin
Long term drift:	≤ ± 0,2 Kelvin / 1000 hours

Clock

Type:	Real time clock
Cycle accuracy:	≤±1 minute / month

Datenspeicher

Memory capacity:	64kB > 10 700 ... 107 000 data records water level > 8 000 ... 80 000 data records water level / temperature 128kB > 21 600 ... 216 000 data records water level > 16 200 ... 162 000 data records water level / temperature
Storage method:	Intelligent memory management. Measuring values are only stored at a exceeding of a minimum deviation, but always at a minimum of every 10 th measuring cycle
Memory organization:	Circle memory active > at overflow overwriting of the oldest data records Circle memory inactive > memory is written only once
Measuring rate:	one measuring per 1 second up to one measuring per 100 days
Operation / data retrieval:	Operation software or per RDT module
Data processing:	Graphic data evaluation resp. data export as excel-, ASCII-, Hydras3- or Wiski-file resp. real time evaluation with measuring rate 1x per second
Alarm management:	Surveillance of the measurement signals on exceeding the preset limit values with alarm message per SMS message by RDT module and separately adjustable alarm measuring rate

Interface

Type:	RS232 resp. RS485 - full-duplex
Transmission rate:	9600 Baud

²⁾ Referring to nominal measuring span resp. full scale (FS)

³⁾ Nonlinearity + Hysteresis + Reproducibility

⁴⁾ T_k = Temperature coefficient

⁵⁾ Limit value adjustment

¹²⁾ Higher values for special measuring range

Materials

Membrane: (medium contact)	Ceramic AL ₂ O ₃ 96%		
Sensor housing: (medium contact)	Steel 1.4404 (AISI 316L) / 1.4571 (AISI 316Ti)		
Carrying cable: (medium contact)	PE polyethylene		
Interface head:	CrNi-steel		
Holding ring:	Aluminum		
Connection housing:	<i>Separated variant</i> Aluminum, lacquered <i>Variant for explosion hazardous areas</i> PS – polystyrene or PC – polycarbonate		
Socket / cap / plug:	Socket brass nickel plated / chrome plated, insert PBT/PUR, contacts gold plated		
Pressure compens. element:	Filter membrane PES		
Gaskets:	medium contact	>	FPM – fluorelastomere (Viton®) CR – chloroprene-rubber (Neopren®) EPDM – etylene-propylene-dienmonomere
	others	>	FPM – fluorelastomere (Viton®)

Environmental conditions

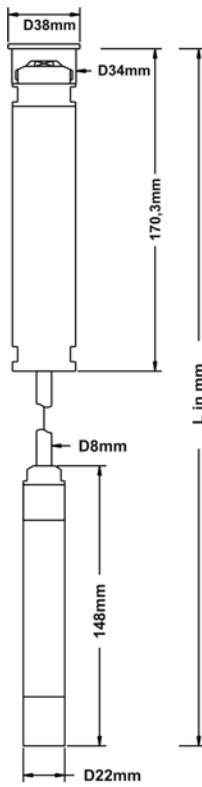
Environmental temperature:	<i>Sensor</i> – 25°C...+70°C, ice-free <i>Connection housing</i> – 20°C...+50°C
Measuring range:	0...1mWs to 0...100 mWs
Overload resistance:	

Measuring range	Overload / Burst pressure
0...1 mWs	+4 bar _{rel}
0...2 mWs	+4 bar _{rel}
0...4 mWs	+4 bar _{rel}
0...5 mWs	+10 bar _{rel}
0...6 mWs	+10 bar _{rel}
0...10 mWs	+10 bar _{rel}
0...20 mWs	+15 bar _{rel}
0...40 mWs	+25 bar _{rel}
0...50 mWs	+40 bar _{rel}
0...100 mWs	+40 bar _{rel}

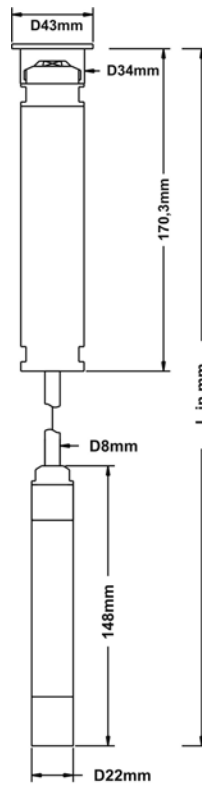
Vacuum resistance:	0 mbar _{abs}		
Weight:	<i>Standard variant</i> 0,7 kg + (Sensor length L in meter x 0,035 kg) <i>Separated variant</i> Sensor 0,45 kg + (Sensor length L in meter x 0,035 kg) Connection housing 0,7 kg		
Protection classification:	Sensor	IP68	DIN EN 60529
	Interface head	IP68 up to 3 mWs	DIN EN 60529
	Connection housing	IP65	DIN EN 60529
Climatic classification:	4K4H	EN/IEC 60721-3-4	
Shock classification:	50 g	EN/IEC 60068-2-27	(11 ms)
Vibration classification:	20 g	EN/IEC 60068-2-6	(10 - 2000 Hz)
EM – compatibility:	emission	DIN EN 61326-1	operation device class B
	immunity	DIN EN 61326-1	industrial range
Reference conditions:	EN/IEC 60770-1 resp. EN/IEC 61003-1 T = 25 °C, rel. humidity 45...75 %, environm. air pressure 860...1060 kPa		

10. Dimension drawings

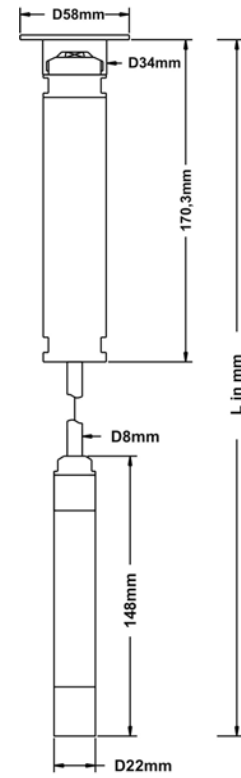
Process connection 14



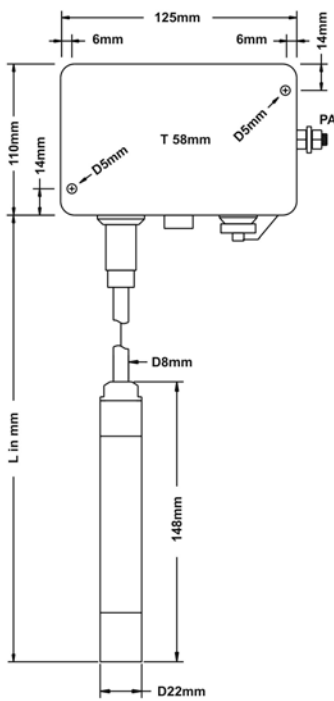
Process connection 12



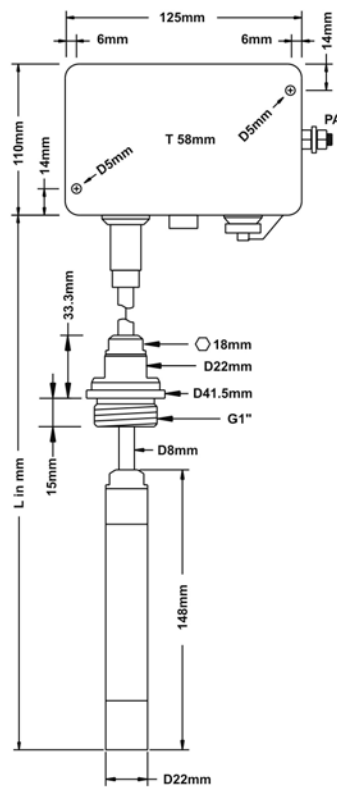
Process connection 20



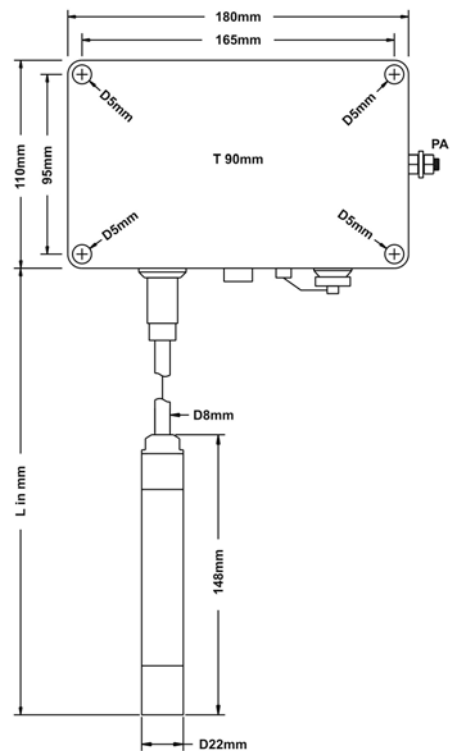
Process connection A0



Process connection A2



Process connection A4



11. Order code overview

Type:

- Standard
- T Certificate for food and drink water suitability of all liquid contacting materials
- 3 ATEX II 3 G Ex ic IIC T4 only for process connection – A4

Process connection:

- 14 Mounting into 1 ¼" water level tube control measurement without removal not possible
- 12 Mounting into 1 ½" water level tube control measurement without removal not possible
- 20 Mounting into 2" water level tube control measurement without removal possible
- A0 Separated variant, aluminum housing (sensor fixing necessary)
- A1 Interface head screw thread 1" DIN EN 10226-1 (formerly DIN2999) – artesian wells
- A2 Separated variant, sealing screw G 1" DIN EN ISO228-1, aluminum housing
- A4 Separated variant, PC/PS housing (sensor fixing necessary), only for ATEX

Measuring signals:

- S Water level
- T Water level and temperature not for variant – 3 (ATEX)

Accuracy meas. system *) – material meas. membrane (medium contact):

- 0 0,25% ceramic AL₂O₃ 96%
- K 0,1% linearization protocol ceramic AL₂O₃ 96%

Measuring range:

- A 0...1 m water column (mWs)
- B 0...2 m water column (mWs)
- C 0...4 m water column (mWs)
- M 0...5 m water column (mWs)
- D 0...6 m water column (mWs)
- E 0...10 m water column (mWs)
- F 0...20 m water column (mWs)
- G 0...40 m water column (mWs)
- J 0...50 m water column (mWs)
- H 0...100 m water column (mWs)
- Y special measuring range separate spec. necessary

Memory capacity:

- 0 64 kB max. 107 000 data records water level
max. 80 000 data records water level and temperature
- 1 128 kB max. 216 000 data records water level
max. 162 000 data records water level and temperature

Battery / interface:

- 1 welded interface RS232, not for variant – 3 (ATEX)
- 2 exchangeable interface RS232, reconfigurable to RS485

Material sensor (medium contact):

- 1 Stahl 1.4404 (AISI 316L) / 1.4571 (AISI 316 Ti)

Material gaskets (medium contact):

- 1 FPM fluorelastomere (Viton®)
- 2 CR chloroprene-rubber (Neopren®)
- 3 EPDM etylene-propylene-dienmonomere

Material carrying cable (medium contact):

- A PE polyethylene

Sensor length L (see dimension drawings):

Measure in mm

Hydrolog 1000 _ _ _ _ _ 1 _ A _

Installation material and connection cable are not enclosed in the delivery contents.

*) Higher values at special measuring range



fill level



water level



pressure



temperature



flow



visualization



signal converter



sensoric



ACS-CONTROL-SYSTEM
knowledge and systems

Your partner for measuring technology and automation



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