



fill level



water level



pressure



temperature



flow



visualization



signal converter



sensoric



## Precont MT

### Pressure transmitter for general applications

*Monitoring of absolute or relative pressure  
in gases, vapors, liquids and dust*

Technical manual  
07.17

### Applications

General applications in

- Machinery and plant engineering
- Air-conditioning and refrigeration plant engineering
- Hydraulic and pneumatic systems
- Process industry
- Environmental technology
- Facility and building automation



### Main features

Wide range of applications

- Finely graded measuring ranges from -1 bar up to 1000 bar
- Wide process temperature range -40°C to +125°C
- Wide variety of process connections
- High protection class IP69K/IP67
- Wide environmental temperature range -40°C to +85°C
- Certification ATEX II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC Tx Ga

Metallic front-flush or internal diaphragm

Hohe accuracy – characteristic deviation to  $\leq 0,5\%$  of measuring range

Integrated evaluation electronic

- Current output 4...20mA
- Voltage output 0...10V
- Connector plug M12
- Connector plug EN 175-301-803-C / -A
- Connection cable with integrated reference air capillary

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You have purchased a high-grade and modern measuring device of ACS-CONTROL-SYSTEM GmbH.

We want to give thanks for your purchase and for your confidence to us.

The actual technical manual includes instructions for installation, electrical connection and inauguration, as well as the technical data of the device.

Modifications, that answer the purpose of the technical progress, are reserved by ACS-CONTROL-SYSTEM GmbH without prior notice.

If a question occurs, that can't be answered by the listed informations, please call on our technicians team in Eggenfelden Tel: +49 8721/ 9668-0 or [info@acs-controlsystem.de](mailto:info@acs-controlsystem.de)

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# 1 System description

## 1.1 Intended use

The device is an electronic pressure transmitter for monitoring, control as well as continuous measurement of pressures in gases, vapors, liquids and dusts.

The operational reliability of the device is ensured only at the intended use.

## 1.2 Field of application

Due to the device construction with

- Measuring ranges from -1 bar to 1000 bar, gauge
- Measuring ranges from 0 bar to 1000 bar, absolute
- Measuring spans from 400 mbar to 1000 bar
- Process temperatures from -40°C to +125°C
- Environmental temperatures from -40°C to +100°C
- Process material CrNi-steel

as well as the availability of industrial standard process connections like

- thread ISO 228-1, EN 837 manometer
- thread ISO 228-1, front-flush

the device is especially suitable for the use for

- Machinery and plant engineering
- Air-conditioning and refrigeration plant engineering
- Hydraulic and pneumatic systems
- Process industry
- Environmental technology
- Facility and building automation

The device is suitable for demanding measuring requirements.

The front-flush diaphragm has been specifically designed for the measurement of viscous, paste-like, adhesive, crystallizing, particle-laden and contaminated media, which would clog the pressure channel of conventional process connections.

The certification acc. to ATEX II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC Tx Ga allows the use in explosion hazardous areas.

The robust design and the high-quality workmanship turns the device into a very high quality product, which even the most adverse environmental conditions cannot affect, whether the lowest temperatures when used outdoors, extreme shock and vibration stress or aggressive media.

A captive laser marking of the type label ensures the identifiability throughout the entire lifetime of the device.

Obviously is the optional marking of a measurement point designation resp. TAG, a customer label or of a neutral type label, of course also per laser marking.

A LABS-free resp. silicone-free version, a factory calibration with calibration certificate and a customer specific configuration resp. preset is also optionally available like factory certifications for drink water resp. food suitability.

Customer specific special versions can be realized on request, e.g.

- extended process temperature range up to 400°C
- special designs for the process connection
- other process materials
- other fill fluids
- special adjustment

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## 1.3 System components

The device consists of the components:

- Process connection, for installation into the wall of the container or of the pipeline.
- Process diaphragm as junction point in direct contact with the applied medium, fill fluid for the pressure transfer (only measuring ranges  $\leq 25$  bar resp. front-flush diaphragm) and pressure measuring sensor.
- Temperature decoupler, for decoupling of the terminal enclosure from high process temperatures.
- Terminal enclosure, for protection of the integrated signal processing electronic and for the electrical connection.

The components cannot be separated by the user.

## 1.4 Function

### 1.4.1 Measuring principle

At process connections with internal metallic diaphragm and measuring ranges  $\geq 40$  bar, the system pressure is directly applied to the pressure measuring sensor.

A dry pressure measuring sensor is used, without using a fill fluid.

At process connections with front-flush metallic diaphragm resp. at measuring ranges  $\leq 25$  bar the system pressure is transferred by a fill fluid from the diaphragm to the pressure measuring sensor, which is positioned behind.

The pressure dependent deflection of the diaphragm is transferred to a measuring bridge and causes there a change of the bridge output voltage.

### 1.4.2 Signal processing

The pressure signal is converted by the pressure measuring sensor into an electrical signal and processed by the integrated evaluation electronic according to the respective preferences:

#### 1.4.2.1 Electronic output – 2-wire, current 4...20mA

- The measuring value is converted into a continuous current signal 4...20mA.

#### 1.4.2.2 Electronic output – 3-wire, voltage 0...10V

- The measuring value is converted into a continuous voltage signal 0...10V.

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## 2 Safety notes

### 2.1 Operational safety

The device is safely built and tested according to state-of-the-art technology and has left the factory in perfect condition as regards technical safety.

The device meets the legal requirements of all relevant EU directives. This is confirmed by attaching the CE mark.

This measuring device meets article 4 (3) of the EU directive 2014/68/EU (pressure equipment device directive) and is designed and produced in good engineer practice.

Devices with measurement end value > 200 bar are constructed for media of fluid group 2.

### 2.2 Installation, connection, commissioning, operation

Installation, electrical connection, commissioning and operation of the device must be made by a qualified and authorized expert according to the information's in this technical manual and the relevant standards and rules. This expert must have read and understood this technical manual and especially the safety notes.

The device may only be used within the permitted operation limits that are listed in this technical manual. Every use besides these limits as agreed can lead to serious dangers.

The materials of the device must be checked for compatibility with the respective application requirements (contacting materials, process temperature) before use. An unsuitable material can lead to damage, abnormal behavior or destruction of the device and to the resulting dangers.

The sensors may not be used as sole device for prevention of dangerous conditions in machines and plants.

Using the device in a manner that does not fall within the scope of its intended use, disregarding this instruction, using under-qualified personnel, or making unauthorized alterations releases the manufacturer from liability for any resulting damage. This renders the manufacturer's warranty null and void.

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## 2.3 Operating supplies for explosive hazardous areas

If a device is installed and operated in explosive hazardous areas, the general Ex construction standards (EN/IEC 60079-14, VDE 0165), these safety notes and the enclosed EU type examination certificate incl. supplements must be observed.

The installation of explosive hazardous systems must be carried out principally by specialist staff.

### The device meets the classification:

II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC Tx Ga II 1/2 G Ex ia IIB/IIC Tx Ga/Gb	$T_a = -20...+60^{\circ}\text{C}/+50^{\circ}\text{C}$
II 2 G Ex ib IIB/IIC Tx Gb	$T_a = -40...+85^{\circ}\text{C}/+50^{\circ}\text{C}$

The devices are conceived for measuring of pressures in explosive hazardous areas.

The measured medium may also be combustible liquids, gases, fogs or vapors.

The device can be mounted in explosive hazardous areas, where devices of category 1 resp. 1/2 are required. Devices of category 1 resp. 1/2 may be operated in hazardous explosive areas that require apparatus of category 1 only if atmospheric conditions are present (pressure from 0,8 bar to 1,1 bar). If the device is operated beyond these atmospheric conditions, the EU type examination certificate can be used as a guide. Additional tests for the special application conditions are recommended. Devices of category 1 resp. 1/2 must be connected to intrinsically safe circuits of protection level ia.

The device can be mounted in explosive hazardous areas, where devices of category 2 are required. Devices of category 2 can be connected to intrinsically safe circuits of protection level ib.

The intrinsically safe signal and supply circuits safe galvanically separated from parts, which can be connected with earthing potential.

The PA connection in the connector resp. the cable shield resp. the process connection must be connected with the potential compensation of the explosion hazardous area.

At the chargeable plastic parts of the device like plug or cable, there is a danger of ignition by electrostatic discharges. The operator has to ascertain the suitability of this equipment for his use. A warning marking points out to the safety measures, which must be applied because of the electrostatic charging in operation and especially in the case of maintenance activities:

- avoid friction
- no dry cleaning
- no assembling in pneumatic conveying stream

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## 3 Installation

The correct function of the device within the specific technical data can only be guaranteed, if the permitted process and environmental temperatures (see chapter „Technical data“) will not be exceeded.

### 3.1 Installation place

The installation of the device at locations where high pressure blows can occur should be avoided.

At a pressure measurement in gases, the device should be installed above the tapping point, so that the condensate can flow into the process.

At a pressure measurement in steams, the device should be installed after a siphon and a shut-off device below the tapping point.

The siphon reduces the temperature to almost ambient temperature.

Fill the siphon with fluid before commissioning.

At a pressure measurement in liquids, the device should be installed after a shut-off device below or at the same level as the tapping point.

At a filling level measurement in liquids, the device should be installed below the lowest measuring point. Do not mount the device in the fill flow, in the suction area of a pump, in the tank outlet or at a point in the container which could be affected by pressure pulses from an agitator. Calibration and functional test can be carried out more easily if you mount the device after a shut-off device.

The installation position can have an influence on the measuring result of the kind of a zero value shift because of the deadweight of the measuring diaphragm. The correction of this deviation at the device is not possible.

### 3.2 Process and environmental temperature

The installation of the device should be made if possible at temperature calmed places to get a reliable measuring result.

Strong temperature steps, e.g. at filling of a hot liquid into a cold system, can produce a short-time higher measuring signal deviation.

At high process temperatures a heat transfer to the terminal enclosure can be reduced by isolation of the medium carrying part of the plant.

### 3.3 Installation notes

Drive the system pressure free prior installation resp. deinstallation of the sensor.

The protective cap, which is attached at the diaphragm, must only be removed immediately before the installation.

The diaphragm must not be point loaded, because this can lead to diaphragm damage.

The installation of the device into a closed off completely with process liquid filled connection can lead to destruction of the measuring diaphragm. The reduction of the volume of the liquid at screw-in leads to a very high pressure boosting, which can exceed the permitted maximum value by a multiple. Thus, before installation, the connection must be sufficiently emptied.

The screw-in of the thread process connection by using the terminal enclosure, the connection plug resp. the connection cable is not permitted.

The tightening of the thread process connection may only be done at the hexagon by a suitable spanner and with the maximum permitted torque strength (see chapter „Technical data“).



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### 3.4 Air pressure compensation

Avoid the damaging or pollution of the pressure compensation system.

The hindrance of the pressure compensation can lead to faulty measuring results.

The filter element of the pressure compensation system is positioned at the variant:

Plug M12	drill hole besides the plug
Plug EN 175-301-803-C	plug socket
Plug EN 175-301-803-A	plug socket
Cable	capillary inside the cable

At the version with cable, the environmental air pressure is lead to the measuring membrane by an integrated pressure compensation capillary.

This capillary may not be folded or sealed.

To avoid faulting, a micro air filter is placed at the end of the capillary. At an application conditioned cutting of the connected cable there must be especially paid attention that the micro air filter will be replaced to the end of the capillary after cutting.

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## 4 Electrical connection

The electrical connection of the device must be carried out according to the respective country specific standards.

Incorrect installation or adjustment could cause applicationally conditioned risks.

### 4.1 Potential equalization - earthing

The device must be grounded.

The earthing can be carried out by the process connection.

### 4.2 Connection cable

Use only shielded signal and measurement wires and install these wires separated from power leading wires.

Connect the cable shield of a connected cable only at one side to earth, ideally at the installation place of the device.

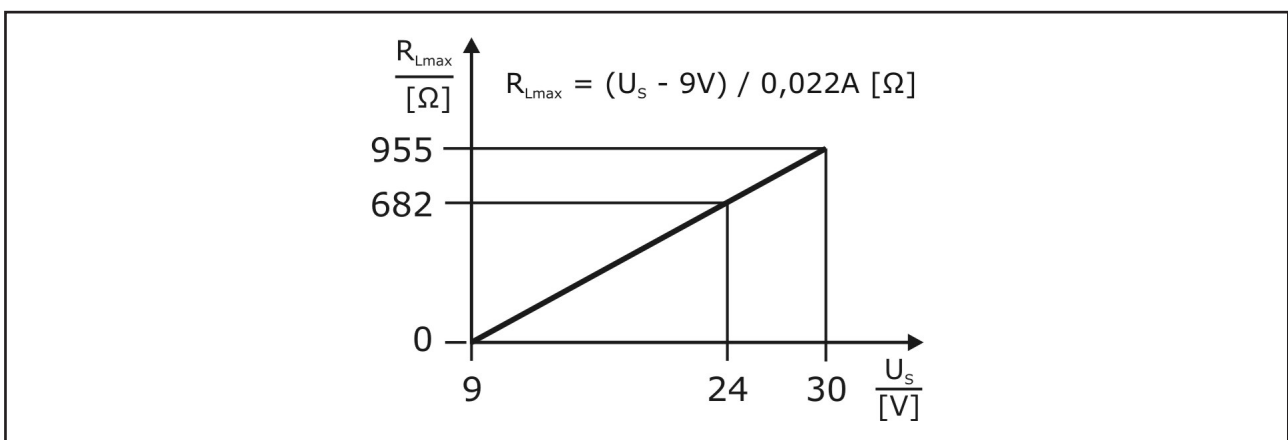
### 4.3 Supply voltage

The voltage applied to the terminal contacts may not exceed the maximum permitted supply voltage (see chapter „Technical data“) to avoid damage of the electronic. The connection is reverse polarity protected.

### 4.4 Load resistor

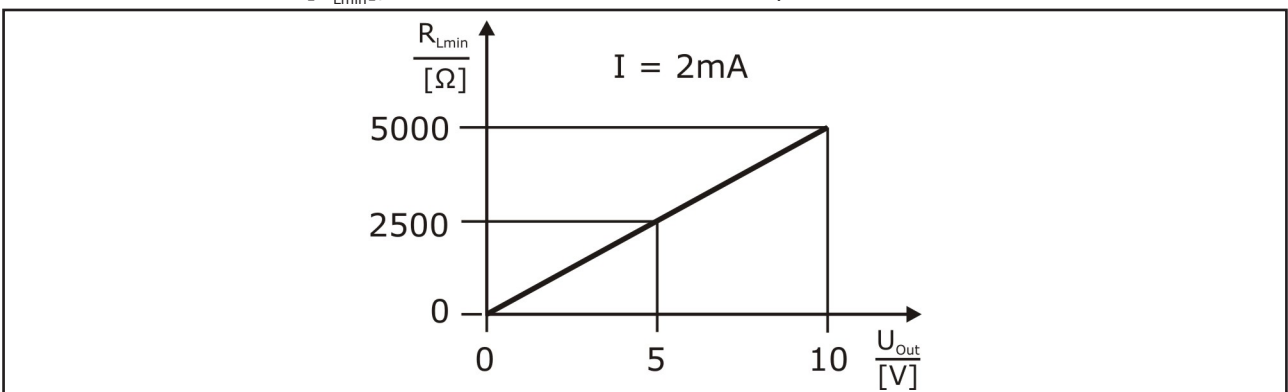
#### 4.4.1 Electronic output – 2-wire, current 4...20mA

A load resistor, e.g. the measuring shunt of an evaluation device, requires a minimum supply voltage  $[U_{smin}]$ . Dependent on the connected supply voltage  $[U_s]$ , it results in a maximum value for this resistor  $[R_{Lmax}]$ , where a correct function is still possible.



#### 4.4.2 Elektronik Ausgang – 3-Draht, Spannung 0...10V

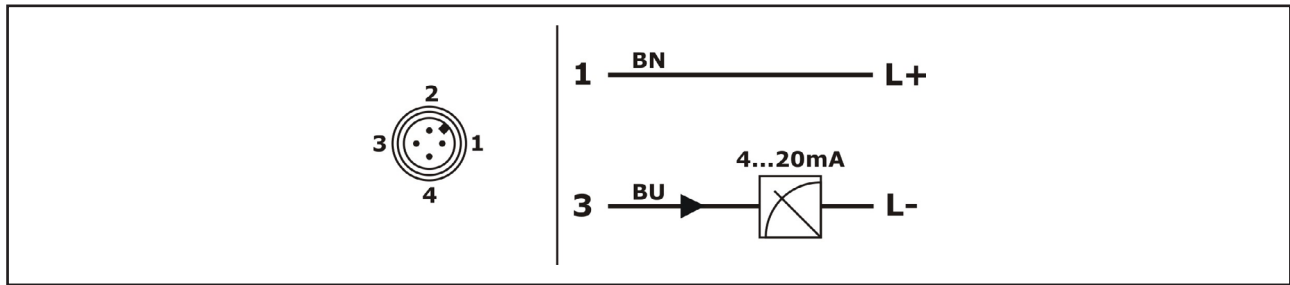
A load resistor, e.g. the measuring shunt of an evaluation device, requires at a definitive output voltage  $[U_{out}]$  an output current. Due to the limitation of that output current, it results in a minimum value for this resistor  $[R_{Lmin}]$ , where a correct function is still possible.



## 4.5 Connection scheme

### 4.5.1 Electronic output – 2-wire, current 4...20mA

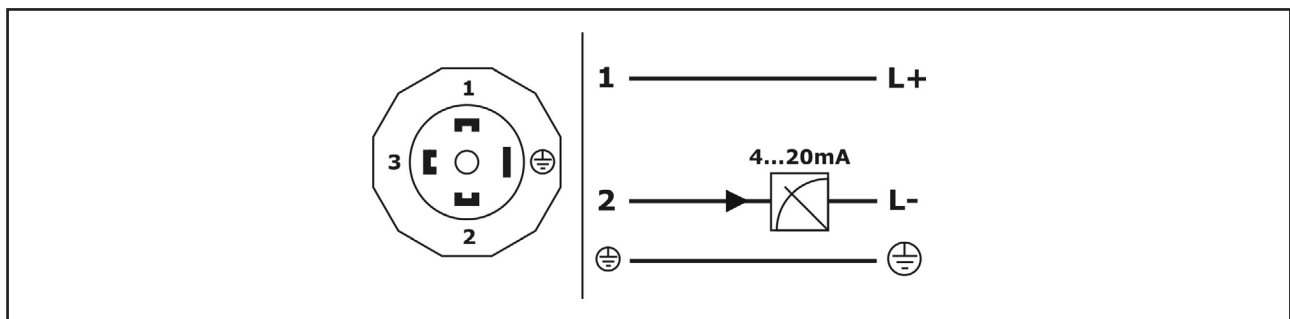
Plug M12



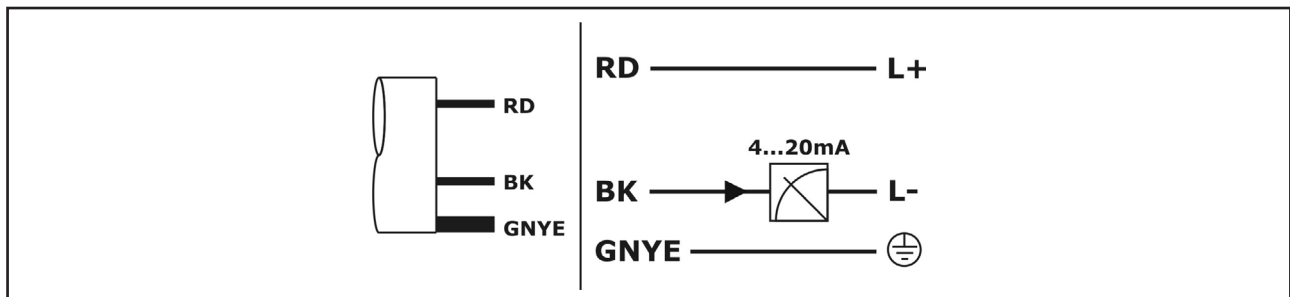
Conductor color standard connection cable M12 – A-coded:

BN = brown, BU = blue

Plug EN 175-301-803



Cable

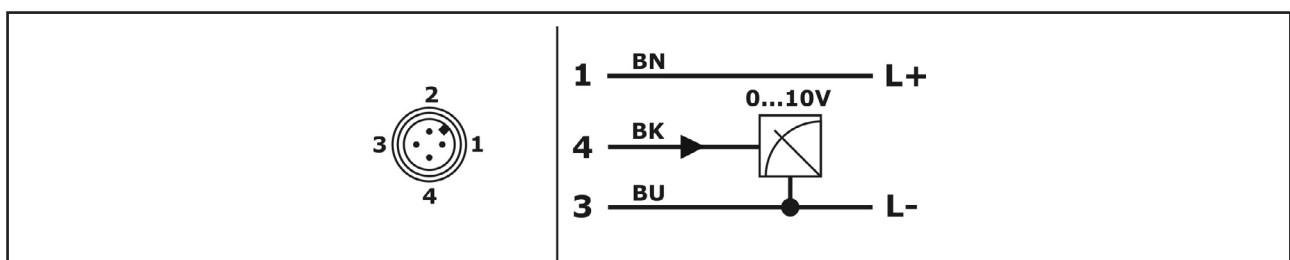


Conductor color cable:

RD = red, BK = black, GNYE = greenyellow

### 4.5.2 Electronic output – 3-wire, voltage 0...10V

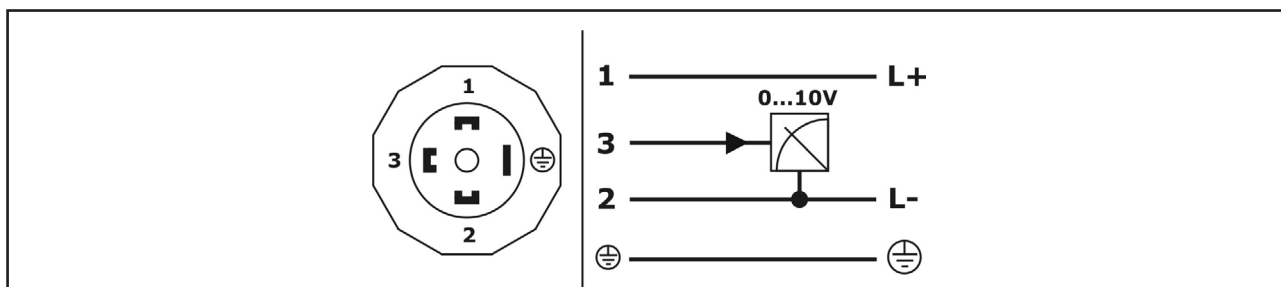
Plug M12



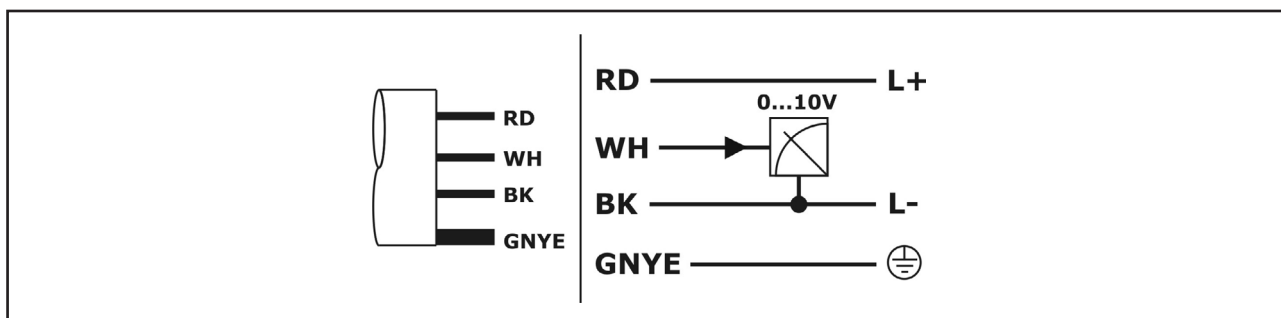
Conductor color standard connection cable M12 – A-coded:

BN = brown, BU = blue, BK = black

### Plug EN 175-301-803



### Cable



Conductor color cable:

RD = red, BK = black, WH = white, GNYE = greenyellow

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## 5 Operation

An operation provided by user is not designated.

## 6 Service

### 6.1 Maintenance

The device is free of maintenance.

Special substances can lead to solid coatings on the sensor. Seized depositions can lead to faulty measurement results.

In the case of coat forming liquids the sensor must be regularly cleaned e.g. with clear water. Don't use sharp resp. hard tools or aggressive chemicals for cleaning.

### 6.2 Dismounting

#### **Attention – Risk of burns!**

Let the device cool down sufficiently fore dismounting it  
During dismounting there is a risk of dangerously hot media escaping.

#### **Attention – Risk of injury!**

Dismount the device only when the system is pressureless.  
During dismounting there is a risk of fast escaping media resp. pressure blow.

### 6.3 Repair

A repair may only be carried out by the manufacturer.

If the device is sent back for repair, the following information's must be enclosed:

- An exact description of the application.
- The chemical and physical characteristics of the product.
- A short description of the occurred error.

### 6.4 Return

Before returning the device, the following measures must be performed:

- All adhesive product residues must be removed. This is especially important, if the product is unhealthily, e.g. caustic, toxic, carcinogenic, radioactive etc.
- A returning must be refrained, if it is not possible by 100% to remove the unhealthily product completely, because e.g. it is penetrate into cracks or is diffused through plastic.

### 6.5 Disposal

Dispose of instrument components and packaging materials in an environmentally compatible way and in accordance with the country-specific waste disposal regulations.

This instrument is not subject to the WEEE directive and the respective national laws. Hence, pass the instrument directly on to a specialized recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points. These may be used only for privately used products according to the WEEE directive.

## 7 Technical Data

### 7.1 Auxiliary power supply

Supply voltage $U_s$	<i>Electronic output type A – 2-wire, current 4...20mA</i> 10...30V <sub>DC</sub> , reverse polarity protected
	<i>Electronic output type B – 3-wire, voltage 0...10V</i> 14...30V <sub>DC</sub> , reverse polarity protected
Residual ripple $U_{pp}$	$\leq 2V_{pp} / U_{smin} \leq U_s \leq U_{smax}$
Supply current $I_{in}$	<i>Electronic output type A – 2-wire, current 4...20mA</i> $\leq 30mA$
	<i>Electronic output type B – 3-wire, voltage 0...10V</i> $\leq 6mA$

### 7.2 Output

#### 7.2.1 Analogue output – current 4...20mA

Operating range $I_{out}$	3,8...21mA, min. 1,5mA, max. 30mA
Permitted load $R_l$	$\leq (U_s - 10V) / 22mA$
Step response time $T_{90}$	$\leq 6ms$
Start-up time $t_{on}$	$\leq 1s$

#### 7.2.2 Analogue output – voltage 0...10V

Operating range $I_{out}$	0V ... $\geq 11V$ , max. $U_s - 1,5V$
Permitted load $R_l$	$\geq U_{out} / 2mA$
Step response time $T_{90}$	$\leq 6ms$
Start-up time $t_{on}$	$\leq 1s$

### 7.3 Measuring accuracy

Reference conditions	EN/IEC 60770-1	
	Environmental temperature	15...25°C
	Environmental air pressure	860...1060kPa
	Air humidity	45...75% r.h.
	Warm-up time $t_{on}$	240s
	Supply voltage $U_s$	24V <sub>DC</sub> $\pm 0,1V$
	Calibration position	Vertical Process connection bottom

Characteristic deviation <sup>3) 5) 12)</sup>	≤ ±0,5% FS <sup>2)</sup>	
Nonlinearity <sup>12)</sup>	≤ ±0,35% FS <sup>2)</sup>	
Hysteresis <sup>12)</sup>	≤ ±0,1% FS <sup>2)</sup>	
Repeatability <sup>12)</sup>	≤ ±0,05% FS <sup>2)</sup>	
Influence of supply voltage	≤ ±0,004% FS <sup>2)</sup> / V	
Long term drift <sup>12)</sup>	≤ ±0,2% FS <sup>2)</sup> / year	
Temperature deviation <sup>12)</sup>	$T_k^{4)} \text{ Zero} / T_k^{4)} \text{ Span}$ Measuring range ≤ 25 bar ≤ ±0,02% FS <sup>2)</sup> / K (0...+80°C) ≤ ±0,03% FS <sup>2)</sup> / K (-40...0°C / +80...+125°C)	
	$T_k^{4)} \text{ Zero} / T_k^{4)} \text{ Span}$ Measuring range ≥ 40 bar ≤ ±0,02% FS <sup>2)</sup> / K (-40...+100°C) ≤ ±0,03% FS <sup>2)</sup> / K (+100...+125°C)	
Mounting position deviation <sup>10)</sup>	≤ 4 mbar	

<sup>2)</sup> Referring to nominal measuring span resp. full scale (FS)

<sup>3)</sup> Nonlinearity + Hysteresis + Reproducibility

<sup>4)</sup>  $T_k$  = Temperature coefficient

<sup>5)</sup> Limit value adjustment acc. to EN/IEC 60770-1

<sup>10)</sup> Device rotated by 180°, process connection upside

<sup>12)</sup> Higher values for special measuring range

## 7.4 Process conditions

Process temperature  The permitted range results from the narrowest limitation of standard range resp. extended range.	-40°C...+100°C
	<u>Extension</u> Temperature decoupler -40°C...+125°C
	<u>Limitation</u> Gasket - NBR -25°C...+120°C Gasket - FPM -25°C...+200°C Gasket - EPDM -40°C...+140°C

Process pressure  [R] Gauge pressure [A] Absolute pressure	Pressure range	Over/Burst pressure	Vacuum
	-1...0 bar [R]	5 bar / 6 bar	0 bar [A]
	-1...+1 bar [R]	10 bar / 12 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...1 bar [R/A]	5 bar / 6 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...1,6 bar [R/A]	10 bar / 12 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...2,5 bar [R/A]	10 bar / 12 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...4 bar [R/A]	17 bar / 20,5 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...6 bar [R/A]	35 bar / 42 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...10 bar [R/A]	35 bar / 42 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...16 bar [R/A]	35 bar / 42 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...25 bar [R/A]	80 bar / 96 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...40 bar [R]	80 bar / 400 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...60 bar [R]	80 bar / 400 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...100 bar [R]	200 bar / 800 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...160 bar [R]	320 bar / 1000 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...250 bar [R]	500 bar / 1200 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...320 bar [R]	800 bar / 1700 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...400 bar [R]	800 bar / 1700 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...600 bar [R]	1200 bar / 2400 bar	0 bar [A]
	0...1000 bar [R]	1500 bar / 3000 bar	0 bar [A]
	<u>Measuring range 0...400 bar / 0...600 bar and</u> <u>Process connection type 0 – front-flush</u> Value in the table is only valid at sealing with ring gasket below the hexagon, otherwise max. 1500 bar.		

## 7.5 Environmental conditions

Environmental temperature	-40°C...+85°C
	<u>Electrical connection type K – Cable</u> -40°C...+70°C
Protection	<u>Electrical connection type V – Plug M12</u> IP69K/IP67 (EN/IEC 60529)
	<u>Electrical connection type S/T – Plug EN 175-301-803</u> IP65 (EN/IEC 60529)
	<u>Electrical connection type K – Cable</u> IP69K (EN/IEC 60529) IP68 [≤ 10 mwc] (EN/IEC 60529)
Climatic classification	4K4H (EN/IEC 60721-3-4)
Shock classification	50g [11ms] (EN/IEC 60068-2-27)
Vibration classification	20g [10...2000 Hz] (EN/IEC 60068-2-6)
EM compatibility	Operation device class B / Industrial range (EN/IEC 61326)
Tightening torque	≤ 50Nm
Weight	0,3kg
	<u>Electrical connection type K – Cable</u> 0,3kg + (L1 x 0,035kg/m)

## 7.6 Materials - process wetted

Membrane	<i>Process connection type 0 – front-flush</i>
	<i>Process connection type 1 / type 6 – EN 837 / <math>\leq 25</math> bar</i>
	Steel 1.4571/316Ti
	<i>Process connection type 1 / type 6 – EN 837 / <math>\geq 40</math> bar</i>
Process connection	Steel 1.4542/630
	Steel 1.4534/SI13800
	Steel 1.4571/316Ti
Gaskets	NBR – nitrile-butadiene-rubber FPM – fluorelastomere (e.g. Viton®) EPDM – ethylene-propylene-dienmonomere

## 7.7 Materials - not process wetted

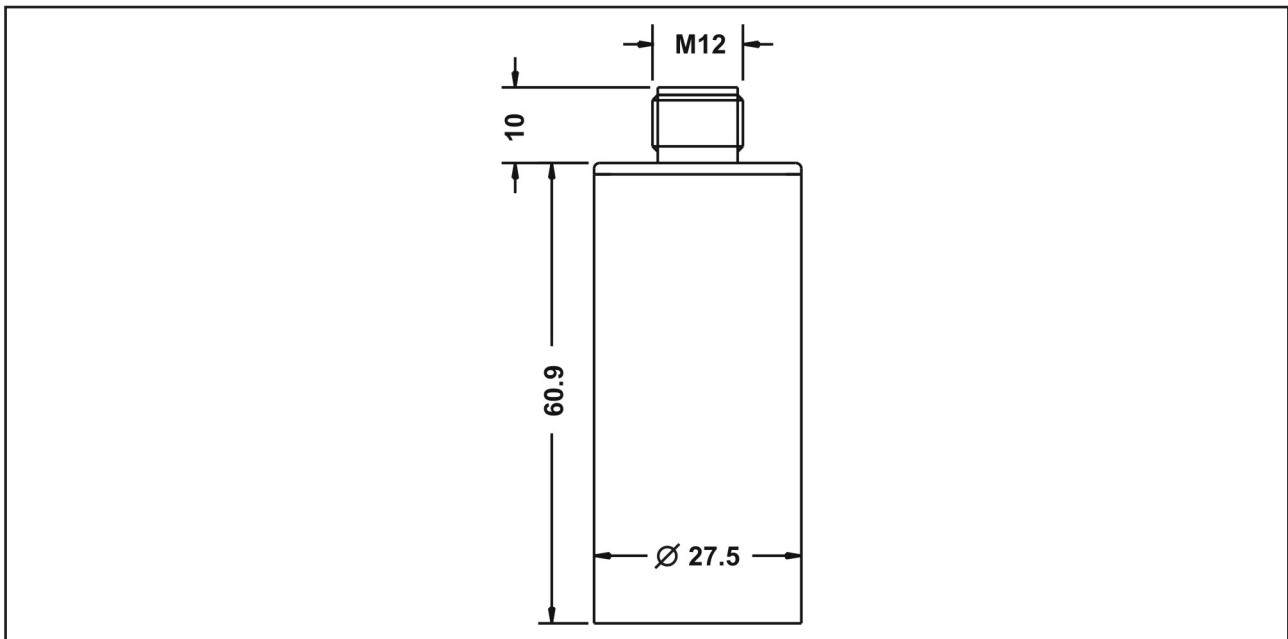
Terminal enclosure	CrNi-steel
Electrical connection part	<i>Electrical connection type V – Plug M12</i>
	Device plug PUR
	<i>Electrical connection type S/T – Plug EN 175-301-803</i>
	Device plug PA
	Gasket NBR
	<i>Electrical connection type K – Cable</i>
Pressure compensation element	Cable gland PA
	Gasket CR / NBR
	Cable sheath PE
Pressure compensation element	Acrylic copolymer
Gaskets	FPM – fluorelastomere (e.g. Viton®)
Fill fluid	<i>Process connection type 0 – front-flush</i>
	<i>Process connection type 1 / type 6 – EN 837 / <math>\leq 25</math> bar</i>
	Synthetic oil



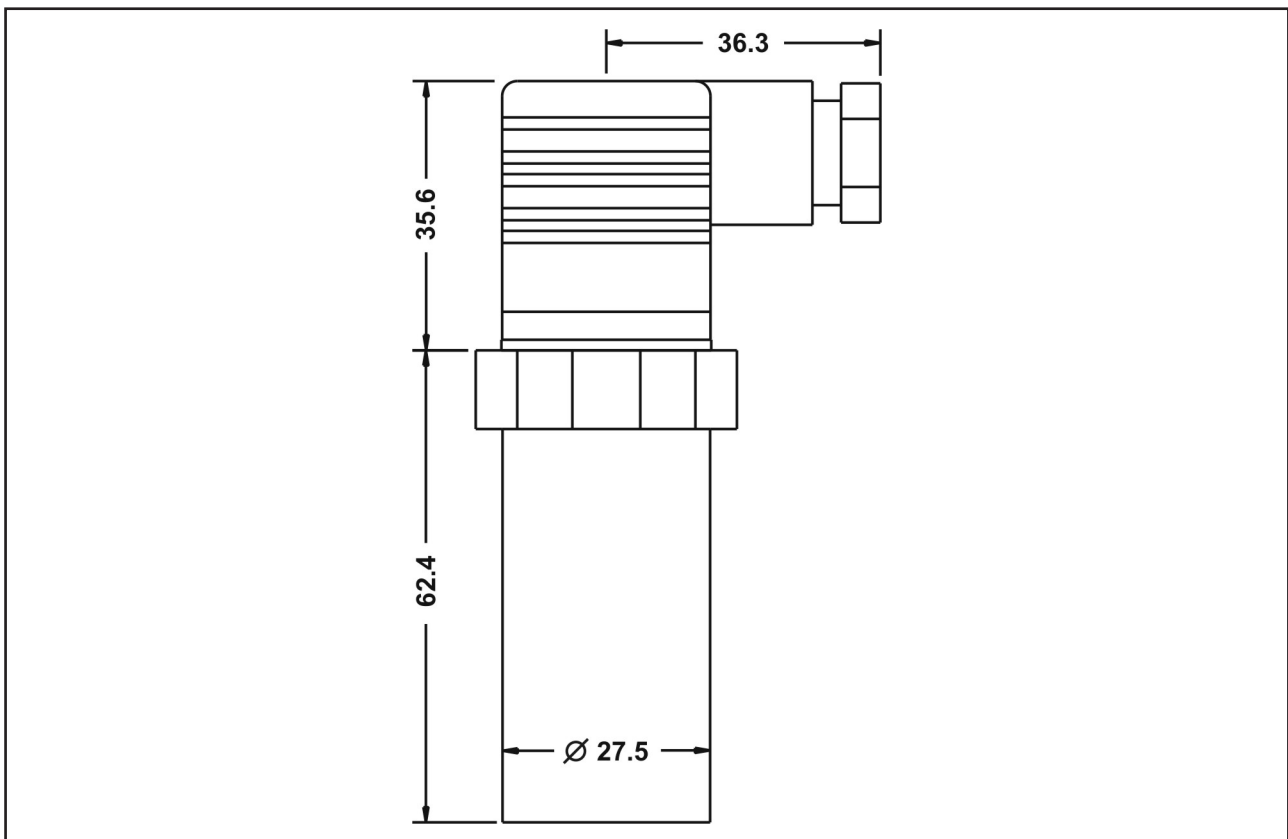
## 8 Dimension drawings

### 8.1 Terminal enclosure

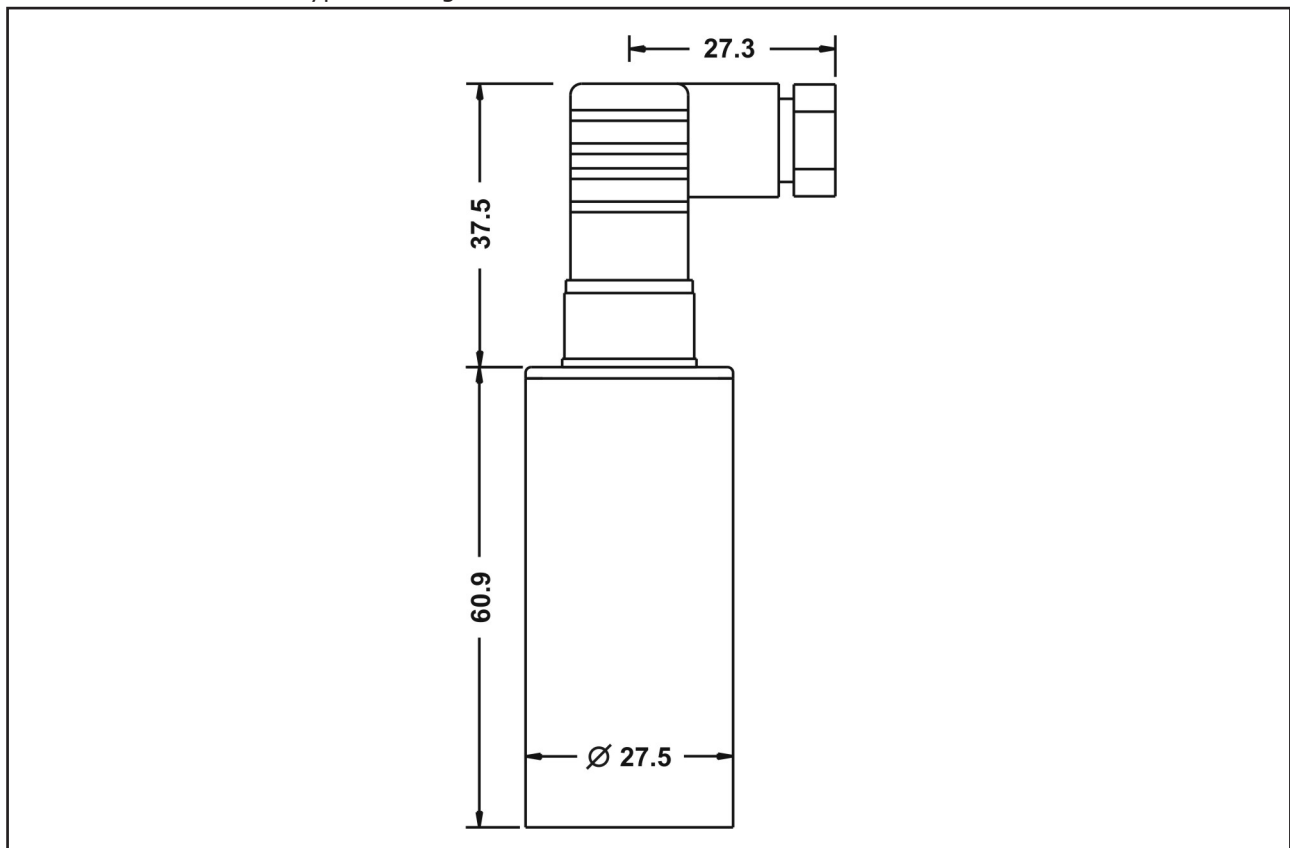
Electrical connection type V - Plug M12



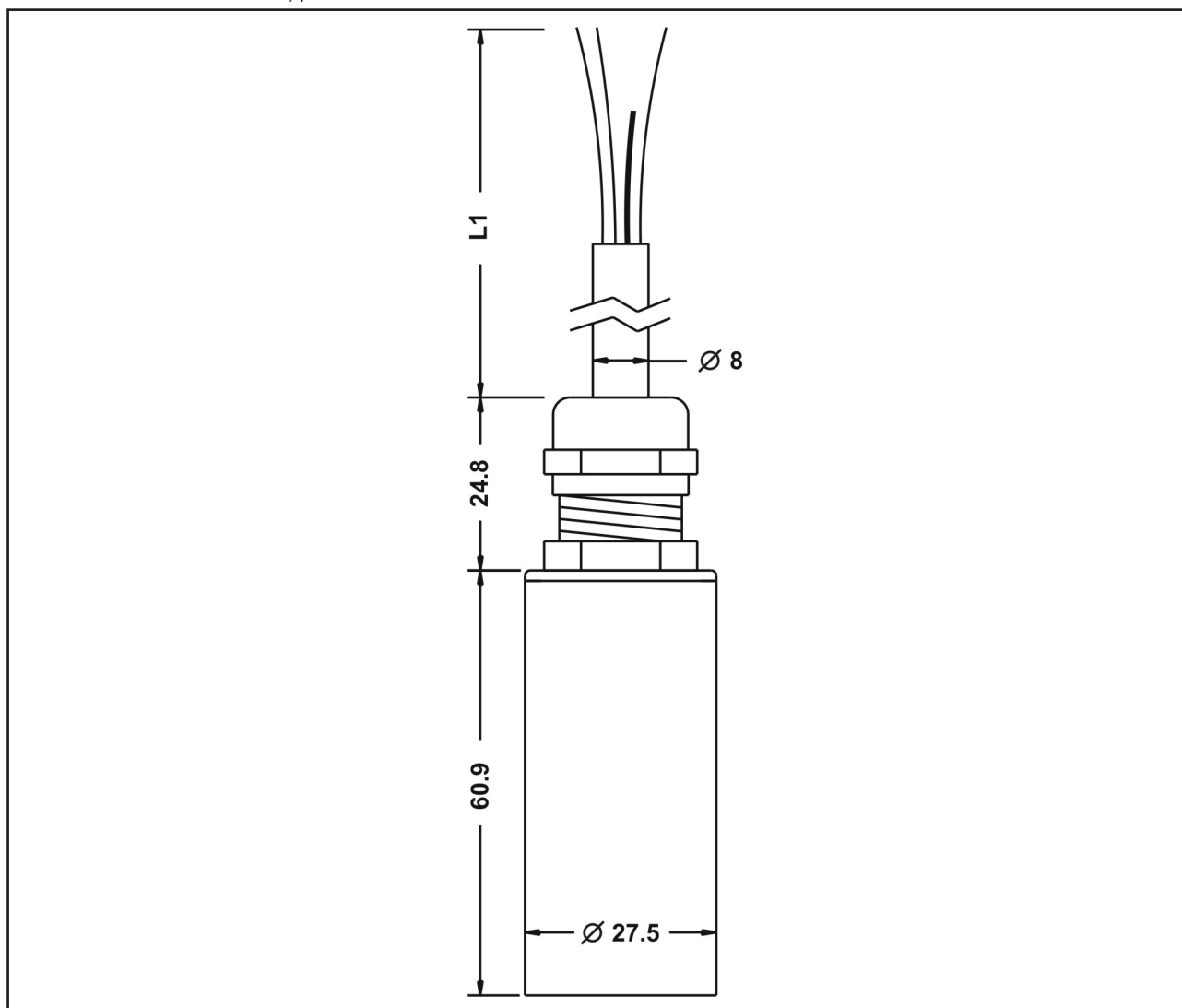
Electrical connection type T - Plug EN 175-301-803-A



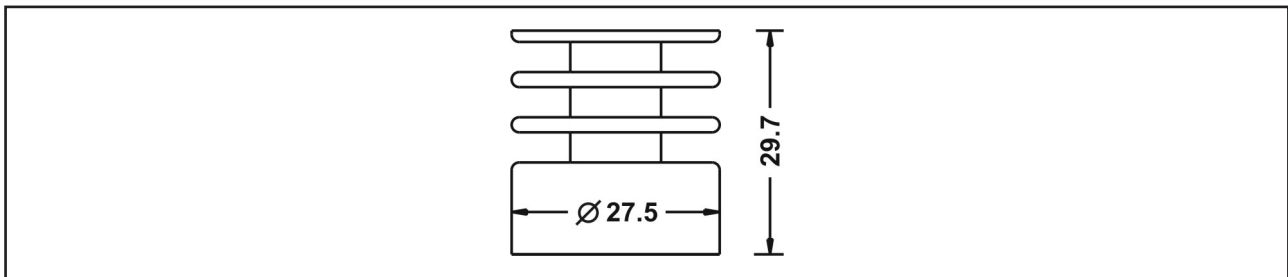
Electrical connection type S - Plug EN 175-301-803-C



Electrical connection type K - Cable



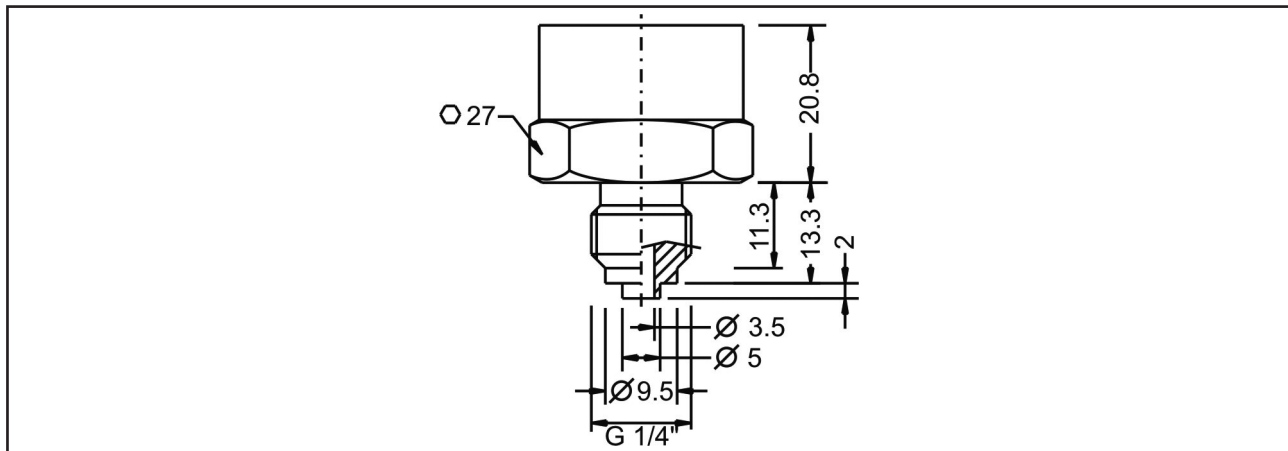
## 8.2 Temperature decoupler



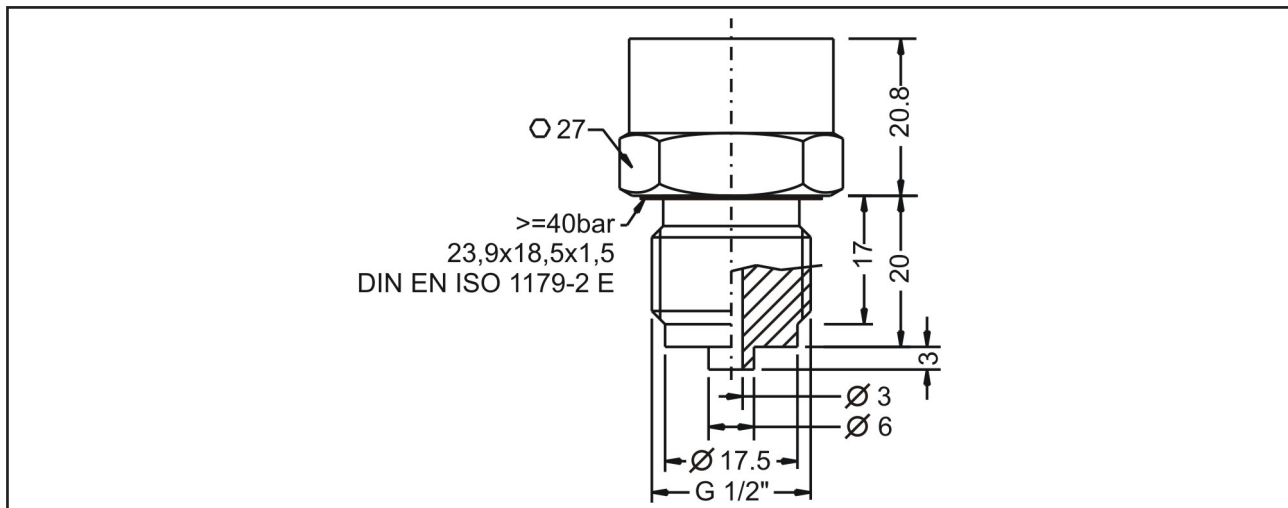
## 8.3 Process connection

### 8.3.1 Internal process membrane

Type 6 – Thread ISO 228-1 – G $\frac{1}{4}$ "B, EN 837

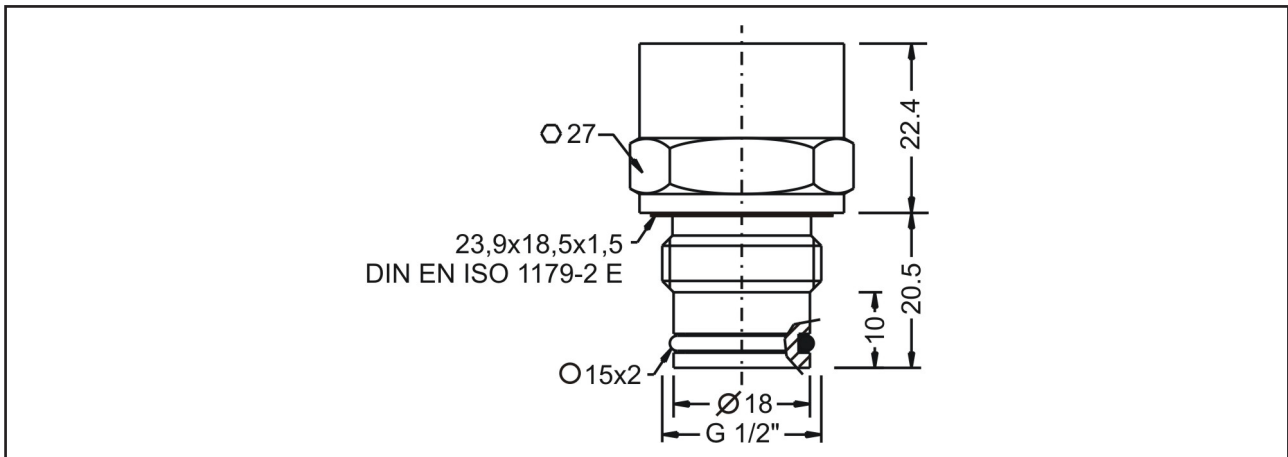


Type 1 – Thread ISO 228-1 – G $\frac{1}{2}$ "B, EN 837



### 8.3.2 Front-flush process membrane

Type 0 – Thread ISO 228-1 – G $\frac{1}{2}$ "B, front-flush



## 9 Ordering information

### 9.1 Order code

0	Type	
Ex	Standard	
	ATEX II 1 G Ex ia IIB/IIC Tx Ga	
	Measuring system – material diaphragm (process wetted) / sensor type	
MT	CrNi-steel / strain gauge	
	Process connection	
6	Thread ISO 228-1 – G¼" B, EN 837 manometer (without process gasket)	
1	Thread ISO 228-1 – G½" B, EN 837 manometer (≥ 40 bar without process gasket)	
0	Thread ISO 228-1 – G½" B, front-flush, O-ring gasket	
Y	not for measuring range 0...1000 bar	
	others	
	Material process gaskets (process wetted)	
0	without / NBR – nitrile-butadiene-rubber	
1	FPM – fluorelastomere (e.g. Viton®)	
3	EPDM – ethylene-propylene-dienmonomere, FDA-listed	
Y	others	
	Material process connection (process wetted)	
V	CrNi-steel	
	Material terminal enclosure	
C	CrNi-steel	
	Measuring range	
05	0...1 bar	
06	0...1,6 bar	
07	0...2,5 bar	
08	0...4 bar	
09	0...6 bar	
10	0...10 bar	
11	0...16 bar	
12	0...25 bar	
13	0...40 bar	
14	0...60 bar	
19	0...100 bar	
20	0...160 bar	
21	0...250 bar	
22	0...320 bar	
23	0...400 bar	
24	0...600 bar	
25	0...1000 bar, only for process connection type 1, 6 – G½" B, G¼" B (EN 837)	
16	-1...0 bar	
17	-1...+1 bar	
YY	Special measuring range	
	Electronic – output	
A	2-wire, current 4...20mA	
B	3-wire, voltage 0...10V	
	Process temperature	
0	Standard -40°C...+100°C	
1	Extended -40°C...+125°C, temperature decoupler	
	Pressure type	
R	Gauge pressure	
A	Absolute pressure (≤ 25 bar)	
	Measuring system – accuracy	
4	0,5%	
	Electrical connection	
V	Plug M12x1	
S	Plug EN 175-301-803-C (DIN 43650-C)	
T	Plug EN 175-301-803-A (DIN 43650-A)	
K	Cable, L1 ≥ 2m	

Precont®

MTV C

Precont®

MT

V

C

Installation material and connection cable are not enclosed in contents of delivery.

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## 9.2 Additional options

For the device additional options are available.

The respective abbreviation subsequently follows the order code.

- SF LABS-free, silicone-free / paint compatible version
- ML Measurement point designation / TAG – Laser marking
- KL Customer label on device – Laser marking
- TN Type label neutral
- WT Factory certification – drink water suitability
- WL Factory certification – food suitability
- KF Configuration / Preset
- WK Factory calibration – calibration certificate

## 9.3 Accessories

Accessories are not content of delivery of the device and must be ordered separately.

### 9.3.1 Installation material

A wide range of accessories for device installation is constantly available, e.g.

- Welding sockets
- Welding flanges
- Blind flanges
- Flanges with thread
- Reductions
- Tube nuts
- Siphons
- Marking plate measuring point, laser marked
- etc.

### 9.3.2 Connection cable / Cable box

Connection cable M12x1, material PUR, shielded

- LKZ04##PUR-AS 4-pole, straight, ## = length 2...30m
- LKW04##PUR-AS 4-pole, angled, ## = length 2...30m

Other connection cables, e.g. other material or unshielded are available.

Cable box M12x1

- BKZ0412-VA 4-pole

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